

The "Ask"

Need to know more about negotiated resilience - especially how to really implement it practically

how to better bridge discourses. It's not that local actors don't understand science/climate data, it's that they often don't "speak climate." The burden should be on us as climate "experts" to better interact with diverse voices.

Can we explore the concept of negotiated risk & resilience - using perhaps climate risks narratives.

What about risk transfer - Risk transfer can be an instrumental for reducing vulnerability caused by hydro-climatic risks

risk to resilience

to learn strategies to make it easier for local communities to scale up their small scale initiatives

share learnings on how to build ground-up perspectives into understanding risk and into decision-making on responses. Offer - futures techniques to climate adaptation

- A more scientific methodology on community-level climate risk assessment- Gov should invest more on climate adaptation measures and more coordinated actions

How to determine the risk at local level if reliable data is not available?

AIM: developing systems for ongoing monitoring of emerging and changing climate risks

Urban areas and panchayats in rural areas are entrusted with delivery of services like water, sanitation, health etc and these services are very much prone to climate risks but local govts do not have or very less capacity and understanding on

How to use technology to minimise and understand risk? Especially cell phones

ensuring dynamic understanding of risk at different at different scales and across sectors:

How far the global level rainfall of temperature data is reliable to local area ?

How to define the climate risks to local people?

Data to understand risk faced by marginalise groups- especially for people with disabilities

How do reach scale with understanding and managing climate risk

Need to understand the issue of timescales in the context of understanding climate risk

Co-Sharing thematic risk assessments and ground actions

ensuring dynamic understanding of risk at different at different scales and across sectors: ASK

alongside organisational/academic data & evidence 2) Helping local partners understand and communicate CRA in particular defining/describing climate risks to local people in a way that allows them to meaningfully engage

Ways of translating risk data into local government priorities.

How can we promote anticipatory capacity- longer term (more that EWSs).

How can you make sure end users trust the data collected if it working or not and how do you collect feedback and respond on it?

what technologies are being used to reduce risk - particularly use of cell phones

Climate risks are often invisible to the policy actors, thus, tend to ignore them. What are the good practices to overcome these challenges.

Enagaging local government by using CIDRR approach

evaluation or how existing climate information is currently being used and integrated within specific national and local and regional policies and programmes, alongside identifying concrete opportunities for

How can we learn from how things did not go well with processes of understanding risk- how to have honest and open dialogue?

Risk Indicators can be subjective. Mechanisms of standardization ?

Honest assessment of CRMgt success for learning.

how to make the approach to climate risk assessment more inclusive to integrate informal settlements and those with contested tenure?

how can we incorporate historical data on vulnerability (how far back do you go?)

timescale of risks need considered

The "Offers"

Have a large number of learning resources on understanding climate risks

CSAG has resources and materials on CR to explore approaches to CRA and other approaches

localised/downscaled climate/weather information and risk models + an understanding of how stresses and social vulnerabilities impact how communities experience risk.

Yes in Uganda Kasese and around the River Rwizi our patterns use cell phones to inform local communities to inform them about flood risks

Participatory and pictorial assessment and planning

Government policy dialogue in Bangladesh can be a model for others to follow

mapping, storytelling and ethnographic methods (like walks) to understand the spatiality/geographies of risk and also foresight exercises to enable people to construct their own resilient futures and address compounding

Processes of engaging with informal settlers on issues of understanding climate risk

Assessments, depending on the objective of the exercise. This was developed for a national government body in South Africa but might be useful in other contexts. This framework was based on an extensive

Processes of undertaking climate risk assessments and how to inform government decisions using these?

practical experience of using risk analysis in policy decisions

NWCF has started to connect cell phones, local FM stations and schools with hydromet data in a network

Participatory GIS risk mapping at the ward (i.e. local level); preparing contour maps with GIS maps to identify low lying areas- to then identify which crops are suitable

Risk-Ecosystem-Resilience connect

We can offer the ways to mobilise marginalized locally in informing the vulnerables and engage them in policy making processes

creative practices to combine meteorological data & evidence with local lived experiences of storm impacts to create a locally specific climate storyline which can be used to support bottom up

offer: Climate-Disaster Risk and Village Development Planning Connect

Grooming local champions through participatory and co-learning process for risk resilience.

participatory risk assessment

Participatory Impact Pathways Analysis: opportunity for negotiated 'climate resilience' and aims in addressing in ways to ensure benefits for different 'stakeholders'

About mobile phone for reducing risk, in Taiwan, my office (NCDR) is in charge of several projects to channel risk information to the public, emergency responders and decision makers.

Theatre Forum to enable open dialogue, negotiation of potential options

floating latrines and other wat/san solutions for populations living on, in, and around wetlands, lakes, and seacoasts. WWI is looking for partners to scale out beyond mainland SEAsia and I would be delighted to

doing in non physical and non physical process like doing the adaptation research with the communities, community mapping to determine the risk, getting the physical set up of the community, doing the savings mobilization

physical process, doing the Urban gardening to address food security especially during pandemic. building housing using the alternative technology

Sharing experience in co-designing a community led weather and climate info communication system

our measures aim to be more proactive they strengthen communities capacity to respond to and bounce back from shocks even before they happen

Community level enumeration and survey methods on climate risks, flooding and drought. Using cell phones

Ayesha Dinshaw on climate tools for local governments in LDCs - I am happy to support work on this topic, which I have worked on since 2015. <https://www.wri.org/research/assessing-effectiveness-climate-resilience-grants-local-governments-least-developed>

Participatory approaches on climate risk assessment (promote knowledge transfer and minimise challenges with data availability)

Participatory and pictorial assessment and planning approaches; Community Initiated DRR approach; New plinth designs for reducing flood risk; mangrove plantation for risk reduction; flood resilience latrines

Offer Risk communication through universal design

UNDP supporting national level risk assessments- facilitate experience sharing with local risk assessments

Risk communication and risk dissemination mechanism in end to end early warning system system

PRIA's longstanding experience of using participatory tools and methods to engage communities in assessing CR and partner in providing solutions based on their lived experiences

Participatory tools to engage vulnerable communities including persons with disabilities

